AMNIOTIC FLUID MUCOPROTEIN AND URIC ACID IN NORMAL PREGNANCY AND TOXAEMIA OF PREGNANCY

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SUMMARY

In the present study mucoprotein and uric acid in amniotic fluid were studied in normal pregnancy cases and in cases of toxaemia of pregnancy. It is concluded that estimation of amniotic mucoprotein and uric acid are very reliable methods of knowing the maturity and well being of foetus which is known to be at risk due to placental insufficiency in cases of toxaemia of pregnancy.

Introduction

The present study was undertaken to study the mucoprotein and uric acid in normal and in cases of toxaemia of pregnancy.

In this study an attempt was made to find out the relationship between the concentration of mucoprotein and uric acid in liquor amnii, severity of toxaemia pregnancy and the fetal prognosis in these cases.

Material and Methods

In this study mucoprotein and uric acid were estimated in cases of normal pregnancy and in cases of toxaemia of pregnancy. The cases studied were divided in the following groups:

I. Normal pregnancy cases — 75 cases

II. Mild pre-eclampsia — 20 cases

III. Moderate to severe

pre-eclampsia — 25 cases

IV. Eclampsia — 20 cases

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Newborns of all those cases who delivered in the hospital were carefully examined and their weight and apgar score was correlated with the mucoprotein and uric acid levels and the severity of disease in their mothers.

Observations

Table I shows mucoprotein content at different period of gestation in normal pregnancy.

Table II shows uric acid in liquor amnii in normal pregnancy.

Table III shows mucoprotein concentration in cases of toxaemia of pregnancy.

Table IV shows uric acid in cases of toxaemia of pregnancy,

Table V shows apgar score and mean birth weight of babies in normal and toxaemia of pregnancy.

TABLE I Mucoprotein Content in Normal Pregnancy Cases

Period of gestation	No. of -	1	Present indication	
(weeks)	cases	Range	Mean	SD
1. 28-32	6	91-183	141.2	± 23.10
2. 33-36	14	95-237	169.8	± 19.5
3. 37-40	55	94-281	207.3	± 13.71

TABLE II Uric Acid in Normal Pregnancy Cases

	eriod of estation	No. of		Uric Acid (mg%)	
-	weeks)	cases	Range	Mean	SD
1.	28-32	6	3.3-6.2	4.23	± 0.7124
2.	33-36	14	3.9-7.1	5.6	± 0.9612
3.	37-40	55	4.5-8.3	7.36	± 0.6231

Discussion

In the present study, a gradual rise in the mucoprotein content of liquor amnii was observed with advancement of gestation and the rise was found to be statistically significant (r = 0.456, t (73)) and p < 0.02). Dutta et al (1977) have reported average mucoprotein content in normal pregnant women as 186.2 mg%, Das Gupta (1975) in his series has reported average mucoprotein content of 155.62 mg%. In the present series it was $198.3 \pm 20.66 \text{ mg%}$.

It was interesting to note that average concentration of mucoprotein was higher in cases of toxaemia of pregnancy as compared to normal pregnancy casts at same period of gestation. Moreover, it was found that increase in mucoprotein in toxaemia of pregnancy cases was in direct proportion to the severity of the disease.

Dutta et al (1977) have also reported increase in mucoprotein content of liquor in such cases. However, Das Gupta (1975) has reported mucoprotein to be slightly lesser in cases of toxaemia of pregnancy, The higher level of mucoprotein in toxaemia cases seems to be due to either active synthesis or sudden mobilization of mucoprotein from placental tissue due to various intrinsic changes in the blood vessels of placenta. Mukherjee and Sinha (1973) have attributed the rise in mucoprotein in toxaemia cases to the presence of occult meconium in amniotic fluid.

Amniotic fluid uric acid was found to increase with advancement in gestation. Wolf et al (1970) have also reported rise in amniotic fluid uric acid at term. They believe this rise to be due to increase in urine output by the foetus. Average serum uric acid was found to be much higher in toxaemia of pregnancy cases as compared

rati	-	28-	-32 weeks	E S II		3	3-36 weeks			3	7-40 weeks	
	o. of	Muco- protein (mg%) Mean	t	p	No. of cases	Muco- protein (mg%) Mean	t	р	No. of cases	Muco- protein (mg%) Mean	t	р
Mild Toxaemia	5	179.2 ±20.9	t_1 (34) = 15.12	p ₁ <0.02	5	223.2 ±24.6	t_1 (34) = 14.6	p ₁ 0.02	<10	284 ±16.7	t_1 (34) = 12.1	p ₁ <0.01
Moderate/ severe		210.5 ±21.6	t_2 (33) = 13.6	$p_2 < 0.01$	10	299.2 ±22.1	t_2 (33) = 11.1	p ₂ 0.01	<10	334.2 ±18.5	t_2 (33) = 10.1	p ₂ <0.01
Toxaemia Eclampsia	5 2	313.3 ±13.1	t_3 (27) = 14.7	p ₃ <0.01	11	326.5 ±21.6	t ₃ (27) 16.1	p ₃ 0.05	< 7	331.3 ±19.7	t_3 (27) = 6.12	$p_3 > 0.01$

t₁ denotes the comparison between mild and moderate/severe toxaemia cases t_2 denotes the comparison between mild toxaemia and eclampsia cases t₃ denotes comparison between moderate/severe toxaemia and eclampsia cases

TABLE IV Uric Acid Content in Toxaemia of Pregnancy Cases

g Joseph e		28	-32 weeks	7 7		3:	3-36 weeks			37-40 w	veeks	
Group	No. of cases	Uric acid (mg%) Mean	t	p	No. of	Uric acid (mg%) Mean	t	p	No. of	Uric acid (mg%) Mean	t	p
Mild Toxaemia	5	26.35 ±0.6214	t ₁ (34) =3.123	<0.05	5	7.23 ±0.5817	t ₁ (34) =3.512	<0.02	10	8.96 ±0.5122	t_1 (34) =5.12	<0.05
Moderate/ Severe Toxaemia	5	7.7 ±0.8101 9.72	t_2 (33) =5.123 t_3 (27)	<0.01	10	9.3 ±0.2971 10.92	t_2 (33) =4.1612 t_3 (27)	<0.01 <0.05	10 7	9.7 ±0.5613 13.21	t_2 (33) =2.614 t_3 (27)	<0.01
Eclampsia	2	±0.7913	=4.123			±0.8412	= 5.612			±0.2137	=3.712	< 0.02

 t_1 denotes comparison between mild toxaemia and moderate/severe toxaemia t_2 denotes comparison between mild toxaemia and eclampsia cases

t₃ denotes comparison between moderate/severe toxaemia and eclampsia cases

	Apgar Se	cone and Mean	Birth Wei	TABLE V	V Normal and	Scone and Mean Birth Weight of Babies in Normal and Toxaemia of Pregnancy Cases	Cases
300	Gesta-	No of	Mean	Apgar	Score		
	(weeks)	cases	Weight (kg)	1st minute	5th minute	Uric Acid (mg%)	Mucoprotein (mg%)
Normal	33-36	2	2.1	9	7	6.21 ± 0.4512	189.0 ± 12.8
	37-40	48	2.51	7	6	7.36 ± 0.6231	207.3 ± 13.71
Mild	33-36	2	2.14	9	7	7.31 ± 0.5817	227.3 ± 24.6
Toxaemia	37-40	13	2.32	7	00	8.96 ± 0.5122	284.0 ± 22.7
Moderate/	33-36	5	1.95	2	9	9.321 ± 0.2871	301.0 ± 26.1
Severe Toxaemia	37-40	14	2.21	9 -	7	9.7 ± 0.5213	334.0 ± 18.5
Eclampsia	33-36	9	1.85	0	0	+1	
	37-40	7	2.12	0	0	13.32 ± 0.3816	335.1 ± 20.12

to normal pregnant subjects. Moreover rise in uric acid in toxaemia cases was consistent with the severity of the disease. William and Bargen (1924) have also reported higher values of uric acid in toxaemia of pregnancy. Mukherjee (1970) has reported rise in uric acid content of amniotic fluid in cases of toxaemia of pregnancy. He also observed the rise to be directly proportionate to the severity of toxaemia. He attributes the rise in uric acid in these cases to the compensatory increase of uric acid excretion through foetal urine. However, it seems that greater the placental insufficiency, higher is the risk to foetus which is reflected in the form of increase in uric acid concentration in amniotic fluid.

Term babies who were born to normal mothers with normal levels of mucoprotein and uric acid were mature and had apgar score within normal limits. Though the mean birth weight and apgar score were low in the babies of toxaemia patients, the mucoprotein and uric acid content of liquor amnii were high. All the babies were still-born in cases of eclampsia. It was found that greater the increase in mucoprotein and uric acid, the poorer is the foetal prognosis.

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